



Pesticide Compliance Program Update



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Presentation Overview

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Regulating Pesticides - In Canada

Regulatory Frameworks

In Canada, the regulation of pesticides is <u>shared</u> among federal, provincial/territorial and municipal levels of government, with some areas of shared jurisdiction including compliance and enforcement.

Federal (Health Canada)		Provincial/Territorial		Municipal	
	New registration and re-		Transportation, sale, use,		Bylaws for further
	evaluation		storage and disposal*		conditions on use where
	Human health		Training, certification, and		authority exists and in
	assessments		licensing of applicators		accordance with federal
	Environmental		and vendors		standards
	assessments		Spills and accidents		
	Value assessments		Permits and use		
	Compliance and		restrictions		
	enforcement		Compliance and		
			enforcement		

^{*} Complementary federal and provincial/territorial roles

Collaboration exists with provincial/territorial governments and other federal departments (e.g. Canada Border Services Agency).

Regulating Pesticides – Within Health Canada

A shared responsibility between two Health Canada branches.

Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA)

- Responsible for evaluating and registering pesticides under the authority of the Pest Control Products Act.
- PMRA applies current, evidence-based scientific approaches to assess whether the health and environmental risks of pesticides proposed for registration are acceptable, and if the products have value.
- Re-evaluation of registered pesticides ensure that they continue to have acceptable risk to human health and the environment and have acceptable value.

> Regulatory Operations and Enforcement Branch (ROEB)

- A compliance and enforcement organization that informs and protects Canadians from health risks associated with products, substances, and their environment.
- Branch responsible for all compliance and enforcement activities related to products regulated by Health Canada including health products, consumer products, pesticides, cannabis, tobacco and vaping products, in the Canadian market.

Pesticide Compliance Program Overview

The Pesticide Compliance Program is responsible for promoting, verifying and enforcing compliance with the *Pest Control Products Act* and its Regulations of those sectors that manufacture, sell, distribute, import or use pesticides in Canada.

Main Objectives

- To prevent unauthorized pesticides from being available on the Canadian market.
- To see that authorized pesticides are imported, manufactured, distributed and used in accordance with the conditions established by Health Canada.

Enforcement Measures

- Pest Control Products Act
 - Warning Letters (WLs)
 - Compliance Orders (COs)
 - Seizure and Detentions
 - Denial of entry into Canada
 - Prosecution
- Administrative Monetary Penalties (AMPs)

PESTICIDE COMPLIANCE PROGRAM OVERVIEW (Cont'd)

- Health Canada's Pesticide Compliance Program (PCP):
 - Applies a risk-based approach to planning and targeting of regulated parties.
 - Operates with guiding principles of fairness, consistency and impartiality.
- Activities are delivered through three pillars:
 - Compliance to actively prevent non-compliance.
 - Compliance Verification to assess and verify compliance: are regulated parties meeting their legal requirements? are pesticides used registered for the use? are label requirements are being met?
 - Enforcement to address non-compliance and associated risks.
- Activities are delivered through 4 sectors:
 - Registrants
 - Imports
 - Marketplace
 - Users: agricultural & non-agricultural

Highlight on Sectors - REGISTRANTS

Compliance verifications to verify compliance with:

- The PCPA
- Re-evaluation decisions: label amendments & product cancellations
- Sales Reporting Regulations
- Research Authorizations & Emergency Registrations

2022-2023 Summary

- Priority re-evaluation decisions: pesticides containing active ingredients acephate, chlorpyrifos, permethrin, and strychnine
- 41% of inspections with at least one instance of non-compliance
- Enforcement measures: 46 Warning Letters; 1 Compliance Order
- Most common contraventions
 - ➤ Manufacture/distribution contrary to conditions of registration
 - Deficiencies in sales reporting
 - Packaging/advertising issues
- Inspection results posted on Canada.ca

Highlight on Sectors – REGISTRANTS (Cont'd)

Sales Information Reporting Regulations

- Increased oversight on requirement for registrants to submit annual volumetric sales report for each registered pest control product by June 1st.
- □ Registrants who fail to submit their report by the June 1st deadline subject to enforcement action under the PCPA.
- □ Registrant non-compliance made public on the <u>Canada.ca website</u>

Results

- □ Compliance rate June 1st deadline Prior to 2023: 50-60%
- Compliance rate June 1st deadline 2023: 80-85%
- □ Compliance rate January 2024: 98%

Highlight on Sectors - IMPORTS

- Work with the Canada Border Services Agency to prevent unregistered or noncompliant pest control products from entering the Canadian marketplace
 - Off-site inspections: Referrals for recommendations of entry or refusal.
 - On-site inspections: Mail centres (regular); cargo, ports, border crossings (occasional)
- Data analytics for proactive targeting of importers: commercial importations, courier data.

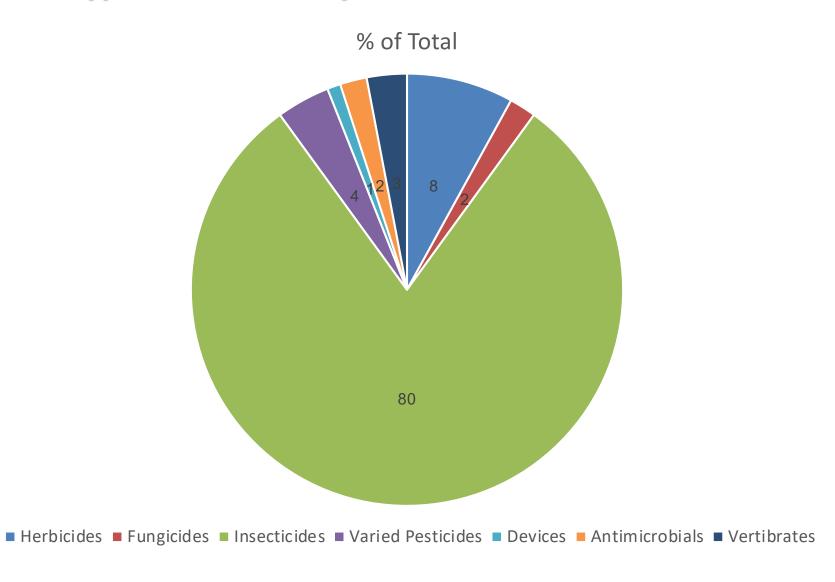
2022-23 Summary

- 1554 referrals received
- 95% (1473) refusals of entry in Canada as non-compliant with the PCPA.
- 1473 Warning Letters, 2 Compliance Orders, 1 AMP

Health Canada Public Advisory: Dichlorvos (DDVP)

- Sniper 1000EC DDVP
- Lava 100% EC
- NOPEST

Product Types Denied Entry at Borders: FY 2022-23



Highlight on Sectors - MARKETPLACE

Retailers and distributors selling pesticides to Canadians through physical establishments, online presence, or a combination of both.

2022-2023 Focus

Independent retailers, agricultural vendors, antifouling paint stores, internationa
distribution centres, and pool and spa retailers.

☐ Direct work with the top 10 on-line platforms in Canada to support their continued use of keywords or geographic-based filters to help prevent unregistered pesticides from being advertised and distributed to Canadians.

2022-23 Summary

- 372 inspections conducted in physical establishments and online marketplace.
- 61% of inspections with a least one instance of non-compliance.
- Enforcement measures: 156 Warning Letters; 8 Compliance Orders; 4 notices of violation with penalty.
- Most common contravention:
 - > Possession and distribution of unregistered pesticides (PCPA 6(1))

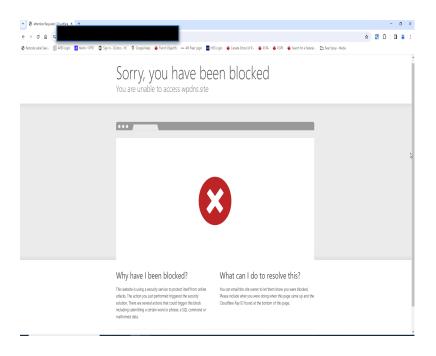
Highlight on Sectors – MARKETPLACE (Cont'd)

Online marketplace - a continuously & fast changing landscape

- New platforms created yearly.
- Sales of dangerous, never registered products on social media.
- Commercial products entering via mail and courrier.
- Complexification of distribution chains (e.g. distribution or fulfillment centres).

Expanding Strategies

- Import data analytics
- Automated technology
- Issue-based approach to enforcement
- Intervening beyond Canadian borders to prevent exports to Canada.



Highlight on Sectors – Agricultural Users

2022-2023 Focus

Commercial agricultural aerial applicators
Growers of apples
Christmas trees

Potatoes ☐ Small fruits and berries

Selected for inspections as use directions for products used on these food crops have changed significantly after the re-evaluations on ferbam, metiram, thiram and ziram.

2022-23 Summary

- 146 Inspections: 114 planned & 32 demand-driven.
- 53% of inspections with at least one instance of non-compliance.
- Enforcement measures: 75 Warning Letters; 1 Compliance Order.
- Most common contraventions
 - > Use of pesticides inconsistent with the label directions such as rate, application method, and failure to respect restricted entry intervals (REI) (PCPA 6(5)(b)),
 - > Possession/storage and use of pesticides with expired registrations (PCPA 6 (1)).

Highlight on Sectors – Non-Agricultural Users

Pest Management Professionals (PMP) certified and/or licensed by provinces or territories to apply pesticides in a variety of non-agricultural settings (e.g. homes and businesses, golf courses) to control a vast array of indoor and outdoor pests.

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☐ Lawn care and landscape

☐ Golf course

☐ Industrial vegetative management

☐ Disinfecting and sanitization services including UV and Ozone devices, and fumigation

2022-23 Summary

- 215 inspections: 150 planned & 65 demand-driven
- 53% of inspections with at least one instance of non-compliance
- Enforcement measures: 104 warning letters; 7 compliance orders; 2 notices of violations
- Most common contraventions
 - > Possession of and use of unregistered products (PCPA 6(1))
 - > Use of registered pest control products inconsistent with the label directions (PCPA 6(5)(b)), particularly related to the targeting of pests not included on the label, the use of unapproved application methods or equipment, and PPE.

Drones

- Considered aircrafts by Transport Canada.
- □ Products registered for application by drone will have "Remotely Piloted Aircraft Systems" and/ or "RPAS" on the label.
- Health Canada *Information Note regarding the use of Drones*
- ☐ High needs of compliance promotion with:
 - Applicators and growers on the permitted use of drones.
 - Distributors in relation to advertising.

Current Priorities

- Delivering on planned inspections and compliance promotion activities and providing timely responses to demand-driven activities (e.g., complaints) through a risk-based approach.
 - Oversight on compliance with Re-evaluation decisions (label amendments, use and product cancellations)
 - Oversight on compliance with the Pest Control Products Act in all sectors
- Continuing to deliver on the program's modernization agenda
 - Quality Management System
 - Data analytics and targeting of importations
 - Inspector Designation framework
 - Complaints prioritization
- Continued collaboration with PMRA in areas that promote and support compliance.
- International collaboration to facilitate global cooperation in pesticide compliance and enforcement.

Concluding Remarks

Regulated communities for pesticides continues to grow in:

- > Size
- Complexity
 - Changing distribution models
 - New products with unclear regulatory status and/or product classification
- ➤ **Geographic distribution** growing number of regulated parties selling to Canadians with no presence in Canada.

It is increasingly key to:

- Adapt and modernize approaches and continue to improve our ability to focus on areas of greatest risks and impact.
- ✓ Strengthen regulatory cooperation between Health Canada and United States pesticide regulators in support of impactful compliance and enforcement activities through the sharing of intelligence, best practices and strategies.

Appendix 1 - References

For More Information

Health Canada Pesticide C&E Section - <u>canada.ca/pesticide-compliance</u>

Health Canada Compliance and Enforcement Policy for Pesticides

https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/consumer-product-safety/reports-publications/pesticides-pest-management/policies-guidelines/compliance-enforcement-policy-pesticides.html

Health Canada's Pesticide Compliance Program Activity Report - 2022-2023:

https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/consumer-product-safety/reports-publications/pesticides-pest-management/corporate-plans-reports/pesticide-compliance-program-activity-report-2022-2023.html

Health Canada Information Note regarding the use of Drones:

https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/consumer-product-safety/reports-publications/pesticides-pest-management/fact-sheets-other-resources/drones-applying-pesticides.html

Email: pcp-pcp@hc-sc.gc.ca

Appendix 2 - Key Federal Legislative Authorities

1. Pest Control Products Act (PCPA)

<u>Primary Objective</u> - Section 4(1): to prevent unacceptable risks to people and the environment from the use of pest control products

Prohibitions – Section 6 defines Compliance and Enforcement roles

- Section 6(1): prohibits the manufacture, possession, handling, storage,
 transport, import, distribution and use of unregistered pest control products
- Section 6(5): prohibits handling, storage, transport, use or disposal of a pest control product in a manner inconsistent with label directions
- Sections 45-60 prescribe all the administration and enforcement authorities (e.g. inspector powers, seizures, compliance measures)

2. Agriculture and Agri-Food Administrative Monetary Penalties Act

 Notices of violation (warnings or monetary penalties) are issued Under this Act.

Appendix 3 - Parties Regulated Under the PCPA

Regulated Parties Groups	Approximate Numbers
Registrants - Manufacturing, conducting research authorizations or having obtained an emergency registration	700
 Marketplace (Retailers and Distributors) Domestic pesticide vendors (Brick & Mortar stores) Licensed commercial vendors Third party selling platforms (e.g. eBay, Amazon) 	45,000 6,455
Agricultural Users	Over 205,000
Non-Agricultural Users Licensed Professional Pesticide Applicators Industrial users 	40,000
 Importers ❖ Commercial and private citizens 	Over 100,000 import transactions at ports of entry every year